Pupil premium strategy statement: YEAR 3

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the **2023 to 2024** academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	North Walkden Primary School
Number of pupils in school	229
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	42.79%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	21-22 <u>22-23</u> 23-24
Date this statement was published	31.12.23
Date on which it will be reviewed	October 2024
Statement authorised by	Helen Warburton Head Teacher
Pupil premium lead	Helen Warburton
Governor lead	Lisa Carter

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 141862
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 13775
Pupil premium (and recovery premium*) funding carried forward from previous years <i>(enter £0 if not applicable)</i>	£ 4387.89
*Recovery premium received in academic year 2021 to 2022 can be carried forward to academic year 2022 to 2023. Recovery premium received in academic year 2022 to 2023 cannot be carried forward to 2023 to 2024.	
Total budget for this academic year	£160024.89

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

North Walkden Primary School is committed to providing quality first teaching and ensuring vital support is in place for our disadvantaged pupils to improve their academic outcomes and narrow the gaps between themselves and non disadvantaged pupils across the curriculum. This document details a review of the impact of PPG in the past academic year (2022-2023) and the proposed spend of the funding September 2023- July 2024

The disadvantaged pupil's fund provides funding for pupils ;

- Who have been in receipt of free school meals (FSM) at any point in the past six years
- Who have been continuously looked after for the past six months
- Who are adopted
- Who are the children of Armed Service men and women
- The strategy for this academic year, 2023-24will be presented to the governing board on 5^{6h} December 2023

At North Walkden we want our disadvantaged pupils to feel as valued and respected as any other group of our school community. We aim that, regardless of a pupil's socio-economic context, they are given the same opportunities to succeed as their non disadvantaged peers.

Our aims lie in three key areas: academic achievement, wellbeing and social/emotional development, and wider enrichment opportunities. Our plan works towards achieving these objectives through a broad deployment of resources into all these three areas which we believe have equal importance and are largely interchangeable. Pupils will be supported to achieve well academically by receiving extra support to fill gaps in learning, improve teacher practice through high quality CPD and by levelling starting points.

Those pupils requiring wellbeing support will be helped to develop a positive view of school, will receive help to overcome and regulate their emotions and as a result be happier and better learners. They will also be given wider opportunities that their peers may experience that would not otherwise be readily available to them, supporting their self -esteem and providing contextual understanding for their classroom learning.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through the National Tutoring Programme for pupils whose educationhas been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils.

All these strategies will be regularly reviewed for impact and adjusted as appropriate to seek the best value for money for our pupils.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Pupils' communication and languages skills , including vocabulary are extremely under developed on entry to school. This is more prevalent in disadvantaged pupils.
2	Based on teacher assessment and phonics check data, disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as readers.
3	School assessments indicate that maths attainment among disadvantaged pupils is lower that of non-disadvantaged pupils in most classes.
4	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted more than other pupils due to missed learning in the pandemic - especially in reading in key stage 2 .
5	There has been an increase in social and emotional issues for many pupils due to home circumstances, and a lack of enrichment opportunities. These challenges have impacted negatively on the academic attainment, mental health and wellbeing of many pupils, including disadvantaged learners.
6	Our attendance data trends indicates that attendance among disadvantaged (FSM) pupils has been lower than for non-disadvantaged pupils.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Challenge 1 Most disadvantaged pupils toimprove their communicationand language skills includingvocabulary		% of disadvantage ation and Languag Baseline Sept '23 67%		Sattaining ARE in
Challenge 2: Increase in the % of disadvantaged pupils	Consistent delivery of RWI phonics programme and 1:1 interventions			

passing the Phonics screening check.		f disadvantaged ing in Years 1 an	pupils passing the d 2	
		Sept '23	July '24	
	Y1			
	Y2	52%- whole class		
Challenge 3: The gap in attainment between disadvantaged and	Delivery of effect schoolboosters	tive maths interve	eme White Rose Hub entions and after the school increases	
non- disadvantaged pupils in Maths		Nov '23	July '24	
decreases across the		(Exp+)	(Exp +)	
school.	Y6 (D pupils)	6/14 43%		
	Y6 (other)	9/15 60%		
Challenge 4: The gap in attainment between disadvantaged and non- disadvantaged pupils in reading decreases across the school.	fluency and are i		oropriate texts with in with keyreading skills July '24 (Exp +)	
	Y6 non D	8/15 53%		
Challenge 5: Evidence of early identification of children and families requiring SEMH interventions.	Intended outcomes Analysis of referrals made by Senior Leaders and Children and families Worker will show children and families are able to access support swiftly. Positive impact of SEMH interventions on academic achievement, especially progress. Children have opportunities take part in a wide range of enrichment opportunities to support learning, cultural capital opportunities and well being.			
Evidence and impact of children accessing resources and therapies to support mental health and well being.				
Evidence of a range of enrichment and cultural capital opportunities				

Challenge 6:			
Attendance in line	Attendance	July '23	July '24
with national for 2023-	ALL	93.94%	
24	D pupils	92.32 %	
	PA (all)	14.83%	
		28 pupils	
	PA D	64.3% (18 /28 pupils)	

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching

Budgeted cost: ££98750

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Developing high quality teaching, assessment and a curriculum which responds to the needs of pupils	Evidence indicates that high quality teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment, including for disadvantaged pupils. Schools should focus on building teacher knowledge and pedagogical expertise, curriculum development, and the purposeful use of assessment. In some cases, this may include the selection of high-quality curriculum materials, or investment in the use of standardised assessments. Supporting resources:	2, 3 4
	 The EEF's <u>guidance reports</u> offer practical, evidence-based advice to schools on a range of topics to support high quality teaching, such as improving literacy, maths, science and improving teacher feedback. The <u>EEF Toolkit</u> includes summaries of the best available evidence on approaches. Evidence Based Education's <u>Great Teaching Toolkit</u> provides an accessible summary of high-quality evidence on components and routes to improve teacher effectiveness. 	
	 Cognitive science approaches offer principles that hold promise for improving the quality of teaching. The EEF <u>'Cognitive Science Ap- proaches in the Classroom: A Review of the Evidence'</u> summarises the evidence for teachers. 	
Professional development on evidence-based approaches, for example feedback, metacognition, reading comprehension,	Supporting continuous and sustained professional development (PD) on evidence-based classroom approaches is important to develop the practice of teachers in your setting. The content of PD should be based on the	24

phonics or mastery learning : Training for RWI Training for spelling Training for inexperienced teacher Technology and other	 best available evidence. Effective PD is likely to require a balanced approach that includes building knowledge, motivating teachers, developing teacher techniques, and embedding practice. Supporting resources: The EEF Toolkit and guidance reports. The EEF's 'Effective Professional Development' guidance report offers support in designing and delivering PD and selecting external PD. The EEF has developed support tools to go alongside the 'Effective Professional Development' guidance, such as 'Considering a balanced design', and more here. 	234
recontrology and other resources focussed on supporting high quality teaching and learning; Additional interactive whiteboards in all rooms- Purchase of further IPADS	 Schools use technology in many ways and with a wide range of aims. These vary from seeking to change classroom practice directly, to others that support schools more broadly, for example by tracking pupil data. To improve learning, schools should consider the specific barriers technology is addressing, particularly for disadvantaged pupils, and use technology in a way that is informed by effective pedagogy. Supporting resources: Insight assessment tracker The EEF's <u>'Using Digital Technology to Improve Learning'</u> offers the best evidence available and includes a number of practical examples of technology being used in ways which support improved teaching and learning. The EEF's <u>short summary</u> of the 'Remote Learning: Rapid Evidence Assessment' presents the key findings from the report on strategies to support remote learning. 	2 3 4

Targeted academic support

Budgeted cost: £22000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Interventions to support language development, literacy, and numeracy : training for WELLCOME	Pupils may require targeted academic support to assist language development, literacy, or numeracy. Interventions should be carefully linked to classroom teaching	1234

TA delivery of WELLCOME interventions	 and matched to specific needs, whilstnot inhibiting pupils' access to the curriculum. Supporting resources: The EEF's <u>'Selecting Interventions</u>' tool offers evidence-informed guidance to select an apt pro- gramme. The EEF has dedicated web pages on effective approaches to support literacy and <u>numeracy</u>. 	
One to one and small group tuition : part funding for tuition partners	 Intensive individual support, either one to one or as a small group, can support pupil learning. This is most likely to be impactful if provided in addition to and explicitly linked with normal lessons. Schools should think carefully about implementation of tuition, including assessment of learning gaps, careful selection of curriculum content, ensuring those delivering tuition are well-prepared, and monitoring impact. Supporting resources: The EEF Toolkit has a strand on <u>one to one tuition</u> and <u>small group tuition</u>. 	234

Wider strategies

Budgeted cost: £ 39000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Supporting pupils' social, emotional and behavioural needs: Availability of children and families officer	 Social and emotional skills support effective learning and are linked to positive outcomes later in life. Schools may consider whole-class approaches as well as targeted interventions, monitoring the impact of these choices carefully. Supporting resources: The EEF guidance report on <u>Improv- ing Social and Emotional Learning in</u> <u>Primary Schools</u> includes 5 core competencies to be taught explic- itly. The EEF guidance report on Improv- ing Behaviour in Schools includes 6 recommendations to support evi- dence-informed decisions about be- haviour strategies. The EEF Toolkit has a strand on <u>social and emotional learning</u> and <u>behaviour interventions</u> 	5

Supporting attendance : Purchase of SLA	There are a range of approaches which aim to improve school attendance. Some parental communication approaches and targeted parental engagement interventions show promise in supporting pupil attendance. Supporting resources: The EEF guidance report on <u>'Working with Parents to Support Children's Learning</u> ' includes a focus on offering more intensive	6
	support, which can include approaches to support attendance	
Extracurricular activities, including sports, outdoor activities, arts, culture and trips	Extracurricular activities are an important part of education in its own right. These approaches may increase engagement in learning, but it is important to consider how increased engagement will be translated into improved teaching and learning. Supporting resources:	56
	 The EEF Toolkit has a strand on <u>arts par-</u> <u>ticipation</u>. 	

Total budgeted cost: £160000

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the **2022 to 2023** academic year.

Challenge 1	Increase in % of disadvantaged pupils' in EYFSattaining ARE in Communication and Language				
Most disadvantaged pupils to improve their communicationand language skills including vocabulary		Baseline Sept	July'23		
		'22			
	Welcomm	5/10 – Well Below 50% 3/10 Below	Listening an And unders 5/11 45%		
		30% 2/10 expected 20%			
	YR SALT	Listening and attention and understanding 3/10- 30%	-	tanding ged school 70% ged national- 73%	
	children achi attention in b At the end of	ows an increase eving the expect ooth Nursery and reception disady ng in line with dis	ed standa Receptio vantaged	ard in listening n. children at No	and rth Walkden
Challenge 2: Increase in the % of disadvantaged pupils passing the Phonics screening check.	Consistent delivery of RWI phonics programme and 1:1 interventions Increase in % of disadvantaged pupils passing the Phonics screening in Years 1 and 2				
		Sep 22	t	July 23	
	Y1	_		60% school	
	Disadvantag	ged		65% LA	
	Y2	27%		63%	
	Disadvantaged				
	Comment:				
	The data shows that there has been clear impact on the number of disadvantaged children achieving the required level by the end of year 2.				
	The data shows that disadvantaged children at North Walkden are performing broadly in line with pupils in the LA at the end of year one.				
Challenge 3	Consistent delivery of maths scheme White Rose Hub				
	10				

The gap in attainment between disadvantaged and non- disadvantaged pupils in Maths decreases across the school	(Exp+)(Exp)Y6 (D22%2/10pupils)2/920%pupils)2/920%Y6 (other)44%71%8/1812/pupils12/pupils12/pupils12/support:this will be an ongoing are of forward and maths is on the school impSeptember 2023. We will continue to ussupport the disadvantaged children with attainment and this will be very careful		g are of foci movir pol improvement p to use funding st eren with maths pro carefully monitored	lan for treams to gress and d across
Challenge 4 The gap in attainment between disadvantaged and non- disadvantaged pupils in reading decreases across the school	NCETM maths he Children are able	ub to read age appro ore competent wit	ders. We will be pa priate texts with inc th key reading skills July '23(Exp +) 40% 4/10 pupils 76% 13/17 pupils	reasing
	Comment: This will be an ongoing area of foci moving forward and reading is on the school improvement plan for September 2023. We will continue to use funding streams to support the disadvantaged children with reading progress and attainment .			
Challenge 5: Evidence of early identification in school referrals to children's services Evidence of early identification of children requiring SEMH interventions	Analysis of referrals made by Senior Leaders and Children and families Worker/Place2be counsellor shows children and families are able to access support as soon as possible. The children and families' worker and another member of SLT have worked with and supported the schools 'Place2be' counsellor and both members of staff have completed 'Place2Be Senior Mental Health Leads Training.' The children and families worker, along with the schools place2be counsellor have supported over 100 children in school			

	 with measurable impact which is documented in a separate more detailed report. Comment: The place2 B report shows clear impact on the support and provision for supporting a large number of children's mental health and well being needs across the school. 			
Challenge 6:				
Attendance in line	Attendance	July '22	Summer	
with national for 2022-			23	
23 National	ALL	92%	93.94%	
	D pupils	90.8%	92.32	
(National Attendance		(108/226)		
93.9%				
National PA: 17.3%).	PA (all)	24.3%	14.83%	
		(55 pupils)	28 pupils	
	PA D		64.3% (18 pupils)	
	Comment: pupils .	Attendance	improved ove	rall for disadvantaged

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Respect	
Magic breakfast	